A HIGH-ENERGY, RAPID-FIRE DICE GAME!

Craps is an exciting, fast-action game that often creates bursts of cheer throughout the casino. Although the game may look difficult, this guide will help any player understand the different bets that can be made on the craps table.

HOW TO PLAY
One player, the “shooter,” throws the dice. All wagers must be placed before the shooter has the dice. You don’t have to roll the dice to win at this game. The dice are passed around the table and you may continue to bet while other players roll. The types of wagers that can be made are:

PASS LINE
An even money bet. Bet $5, get paid $5. You win if the first roll (come out roll) is a “natural” 7 or 11, and lose if the roll is “craps” 2, 3 or 12. Any other number rolled is the point, which can be distinguished by the placement of the puck on the point number. That point must be thrown again before a 7 to win.

DON’T PASS LINE
The opposite of the pass line. If the first roll of the dice is a “natural” 7 or 11, you lose; if it is a 2 or 3, you win; and if it is a 12, you push (tie). If the first roll is a point, a 7 must be rolled before that point is repeated in order to win.

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Odds
Once a point is established on the first roll or a "come" point on a succeeding roll you may take odds. You may take up to 20X odds on any point. You will win if the "point" or "come" points are made before a 7 rolls. Payoffs are: 6 to 5 on the 6 or 8, 3 to 2 on the 5 or 9, and 2 to 1 on the 4 or 10. "Don’t Pass" or “Don’t Come” odds are in reverse: you must lay the odds and if a 7 rolls before the number you win.

Come Bets
An even money bet with the same rules as a pass line bet. Come bets can be made any time after the first roll when a shooter has a point to make. You win on “natural” 7 or 11 and lose on “craps” 2, 3 or 12. Any number that comes up is a “come point” and must be rolled again before a 7 is thrown in order to win.

Don’t Come Bets
Opposite of come bets except that a first roll of 2 or 3 wins and a 12 is a push; you lose on 7 or 11. When any other number is thrown, your bet goes against that number. You win if a 7 is thrown before the point you’re against is repeated.

Field Bets
The field bet is a one roll wager. When a 3, 4, 9, 10 or 11 is rolled, you are paid even money. If the roll is a 2 or 12, you get paid double.

Proposition Bets
Proposition bets can be made on any dice roll. You make this bet by throwing your bet to the stickperson (dealer who is calling all numbers and controlling the dice with the stick) in the center of the table.

Proposition bets are as follows:
- Any craps - 2, 3 or 12 pay 7 to 1 - Any 7 pays 4 to 1
- Ace deuce (3) - pays 15 to 1
- 11 pays 15 to 1
- 12 pays 30 to 1
- 2 pays 30 to 1
- Hop bets - Made on any given combination on the next roll.

Example: “5-4 on the hop” will be paid 15 to 1 if the dice roll is a 9 made with a 5 on one dice and a 4 on the other.

Example: “3-3 on the hop” will be paid 30 to 1 if the dice roll is a 6 made with a 3 on both dice.

- Hardways - Wagers are made on a given pair being rolled before, with, a 7 or an “easy” combination of that number, i.e. hard 4 (2 & 2), hard 6 (3 & 3), hard 8 (4 & 4) and hard 10 (5 & 5). The only way you can lose is if the number is rolled any other way than with 2 matching numbers (a pair) or if a 7 is rolled.

Hardways are paid as follows:
- 4 and 10 pay 7 to 1
- 6 and 8 pay 9 to 1

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